

Begin March 14, 1961

A21UN (BJT)
AMS BUDGET
NIGHT LEAD U. N. (500)
BY MILTON BESSER

3024

UNITED NATIONS, N. Y., MARCH 14 (AP)—EAST-WEST NEGOTIATIONS AIMED AT DEFERRING COLD WAR ISSUES IN THE U. N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY COLLAPSED TODAY AND DELEGATES BRACED THEMSELVES FOR AT LEAST SIX WEEKS OF STORMY DEBATE.

FREDERICK M. BOLAND OF IRELAND, ASSEMBLY PRESIDENT, SAID THE SPECIAL POLITICAL COMMITTEE WILL MEET TOMORROW.

THIS WILL BE THE CURTAIN RAISER FOR DETAILED ASSEMBLY CONSIDERATION OF SUCH HOT ISSUES AS DISARMAMENT AND THE CONGO CRISIS. EVEN DEBATE OVER RED CHINA'S ACTIONS IN TIBET AND SOVIET SUPPRESSION OF THE HUNGARIAN REVOLT COULD NOT BE RULED OUT FOR THE RESUMED ASSEMBLY SESSION.

ATTEMPTS TO AVOID COLD WAR ISSUES COLLAPSED AMID ANGRY CHARGES FROM THE SOVIET BLOC THAT THE WEST WAS TRYING TO PREVENT THE ASSEMBLY FROM TAKING CONSTRUCTIVE ACTION TOWARD RESOLVING ISSUES THAT WOULD CONTRIBUTE TO LESSENING OF EAST-WEST TENSION.

ADLAI E. STEVENSON, CHIEF U. S. DELEGATE, PROPOSED ON THE OPENING DAY OF THE RESUMED SESSION JUST A WEEK AGO THAT THE AGENDA BE CUT TO THE BONE IN THE INTEREST OF AVOIDING COLD WAR DEBATE.

BUT CONFERENCES BETWEEN STEVENSON AND SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI A. GROMYKO FAILED TO PRODUCE ANY AGREEMENT. GROMYKO'S INSISTENCE ON FULL-SCALE DISARMAMENT DEBATE WAS A MAJOR OBSTACLE.

EDUARD MEZINCESCU, HEAD OF THE ROMANIAN U. N. DELEGATION, ANNOUNCED HE HAD PROTESTED TO BOLAND AGAINST "ATTEMPTS TO PROCRASTINATE THE ACTIVITIES OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY."

A SOVIET SPOKESMAN DECLARED THAT HIS DELEGATION WAS READY TO BEGIN DEBATE AT ONCE ON ALL ISSUES WHICH MEMBERS WANTED AIRE. INFORMED SOURCES SAID THE UNITED STATES WAS PREPARED FOR FULL DEBATE ON ALL AGENDA ISSUES.

THE RUSSIANS WERE PUTTING FIRST EMPHASIS ON PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV'S CALL FOR A TREATY ON COMPLETE AND GENERAL DISARMAMENT, BUT THEY MADE KNOWN ALSO THEY ATTACHED EXTREME IMPORTANCE TO THE CONGO.

STEVENSON AND GROMYKO WERE EXPECTED TO CONFER PRIVATELY AGAIN ON DISARMAMENT. THE UNITED STATES WANTS THE DISCUSSION TO CENTER ON ESTABLISHMENT OF A FORUM FOR FUTURE NEGOTIATIONS AND COMPOSITION OF A NEGOTIATING BODY--PENDING THE OUTCOME OF THE STUDIES NOW GOING ON IN WASHINGTON REVIEWING THE OVER-ALL U. S. POSITION.

RELIABLE SOURCES SAID THE SOVIET UNION MADE KNOWN IT WOULD BE CONTENT WITH ASSEMBLY APPROVAL OF AN ASIAN-AFRICAN RESOLUTION PENDING SINCE LAST DECEMBER THAT ACCEPTED IN PRINCIPLE KHRUSHCHEV'S PROPOSAL. BUT THIS IS NOT ACCEPTABLE TO THE UNITED STATES OR OTHER WESTERN POWERS.

THE SPECIAL POLITICAL COMMITTEE HAS BEFORE IT SUCH ISSUES AS PALESTINE REFUGEES, RACIAL SEGREGATION POLICIES OF THE UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA, AND PROMOTING OF GOOD NEIGHBORLY RELATIONS BETWEEN THE COMMUNIST AND NON-COMMUNIST WORLD.

THERE WAS NO WORD ON WHAT ISSUE THE COMMITTEE WOULD DECIDE TO TAKE UP FIRST.

DISARMAMENT IS BEFORE THE MAIN POLITICAL COMMITTEE. IT ALSO HAS KOREAN REUNIFICATION, THE U. S. PROPOSAL FOR AN AFRICAN AID PROGRAM, AND THE SOVIET COMPLAINTS AGAINST U. S. RECONNAISSANCE FLIGHTS NEAR OR OVER SOVIET TERRITORY.

THE SOVIET UNION HAS INDICATED IT WILL NOT PRESS THE PLANE FLIGHTS QUESTION IF THE UNITED STATES DEFERS THE HUNGARIAN ISSUE, AND TIBET IS NOT DISCUSSED. BUT IN VIEW OF NO AGREEMENT, DIPLOMATIC SOURCE SAID, THE ASSEMBLY COULD BE PLUNGED INTO DEBATE ON ALL THESE ISSUES.

30.24-

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TIBET AND HUNGARY ARE ISSUES FOR DIRECT ASSEMBLY CONSIDERATION. THAILAND AND MALAYA REQUESTED AIRING OF THE TIBET ISSUE AND THE UNITED STATES THE HUNGARIAN QUESTION.

THE CONGO CRISIS IS ANOTHER ASSEMBLY ISSUE. BUT NO DEBATE IS EXPECTED UNTIL THE ASSEMBLY RECEIVES THE REPORT OF THE U. N. CONCILIATION COMMISSION SENT TO THE CONGO TO SEE WHAT COULD BE DONE TO RESOLVE POLITICAL RIVALRIES.

THE REPORT HAS BEEN DRAFTED, BUT HAS NOT BEEN CIRCULATED TO THE ASSEMBLY. MUCH OF ITS FINDINGS MAY BE OUTDATED BY THE DECISION TAKEN AT THE MADAGASCAR CONFERENCE TO SET UP A FEDERATION OF CONGO STATES.

MC343PFS

110W

NIGHT LEAD NUCLEAR (520)

BY JOHN M. NIGHTOWER

WASHINGTON, MARCH 14 (AP)—PRESIDENT KENNEDY PLEDGED TODAY THAT THE UNITED STATES WILL DO EVERYTHING POSSIBLE AT GENEVA NEXT WEEK TO CONCLUDE AGREEMENTS WITH RUSSIA OUTLAWING TEST EXPLOSIONS OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS.

HE ANNOUNCED THAT AFTER NEGOTIATIONS RESUME NEXT TUESDAY, THE UNITED STATES WILL MAKE PROPOSALS TO THE SOVIET UNION FOR "A TREATY FAIR TO ALL."

KENNEDY MADE HIS STATEMENT AFTER A FINAL CONFERENCE WITH SPECIAL AMBASSADOR ARTHUR H. DEAN WHO WOUND UP A MONTH OF POLICY-MAKING SESSIONS IN WASHINGTON. AFTER A STOP-OVER IN NEW YORK, DEAN WILL FLY TO GENEVA TO REPRESENT THE UNITED STATES IN THE 3-POWER TALKS.

DEAN BRIEFED THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE TODAY IN A 3 1/2 HOUR CLOSED SESSION. AFTER THE MEETING, HE TOLD NEWSMEN THE U.S. DELEGATION AT GENEVA WILL DO ITS "LEVEL BEST" TO GET AN AGREEMENT WITH SOVIET RUSSIA.

"WE ARE GOING TO USE ALL OF OUR POWERS OF INGENUITY AND PERSUASION," HE SAID.

DEAN AND KENNEDY'S CHIEF DISARMAMENT ADVISER, JOHN J. MCCLOY, HAVE COMPLETED A THOROUGHGOING REVIEW OF U. S. POLICY IN THE 2 1/2 YEAR-OLD NUCLEAR TEST TALKS. THEY ESTIMATE THAT THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN, THE OTHER MEMBER OF THE CONFERENCE, SHOULD KNOW IN SIX TO EIGHT WEEKS WHETHER THERE ACTUALLY IS ANY HOPE OF MAKING A TREATY PROHIBITING TESTS.

IF THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT DOES NOT JOIN IN PRODUCING SUBSTANTIAL PROGRESS TOWARD AGREEMENT BY THAT TIME, DEAN PLANS TO REPORT THE STATE OF AFFAIRS TO KENNEDY AND THE PRESIDENT. HIGH OFFICIALS AGREE, WILL COME UNDER EXTREMELY HEAVY PRESSURE THEN TO ORDER A RESUMPTION OF WEAPONS TEST EXPLOSIONS UNDERGROUND.

SOME AUTHORITIES THINK THAT FAILURE IN THE ROUND NOW COMING UP AT GENEVA WOULD MEAN AN END TO CURRENT HOPES FOR A TEST BAN TREATY AND FOR PROGRESS IN OTHER DISARMAMENT NEGOTIATIONS WHICH MAY BE ARRANGED.

KENNEDY SAID THE GENEVA MEETING SHOULD NOW PROCEED "WITH ALL APPROPRIATE SPEED" TO DRAW UP THE PROPOSED PACT IN FINAL FORM.

MANY PROVISIONS HAVE ALREADY BEEN AGREED UPON. THE GREAT ISSUES WHICH REMAIN ARE THOSE CONCERNED WITH THE EXTENT AND THE OPERATION OF AN INTERNATIONAL INSPECTION SYSTEM. THE SOVIETS HAVE BEEN FIGHTING FOR MINIMUM INSPECTION ACTIVITIES.

IN HIS STATEMENT KENNEDY PRAISED DEAN AS A MAN WHO HAS "ACCUMULATED EXTENSIVE EXPERIENCE IN INTERNATIONAL NEGOTIATIONS OF DIFFICULT AND COMPLEX ISSUES." HE SAID HIS AMBASSADOR WOULD PRESENT THE U. S. VIEWPOINT IN THE 3-POWER TALKS "WITH THE GREATEST CLARITY AND SKILL."

EVER SINCE THE TALKS FIRST STARTED IN THE FALL OF 1958, THE PRESIDENT SAID, U. S. AND BRITISH NEGOTIATORS HAVE TRIED TO GET AGREEMENTS WITH RUSSIA ON A TREATY PROHIBITING WEAPONS TESTS AND ESTABLISHING A CONTROL SYSTEM. MUCH GROUNDWORK HAS BEEN DONE, KENNEDY DECLARED, BUT "CRITICAL ISSUES REMAIN TO BE RESOLVED."

"IN RECENT WEEKS," KENNEDY SUMMED UP, "THE UNITED STATES HAS UNDERTAKEN A THOROUGH REVIEW OF THE TECHNICAL AND POLITICAL PROBLEMS STILL OUTSTANDING. AS A RESULT, THE UNITED STATES DELEGATION WILL RETURN TO THE CONFERENCE TABLE WITH PROPOSALS WHICH COULD CONSTITUTE THE BASIS FOR A TREATY FAIR TO ALL CONTRACTING PARTIES."

"IT IS MY HOPE THAT THE PROPOSALS WILL BE ACCEPTED AND THAT THE NEGOTIATORS WILL BE ABLE TO PROCEED WITH ALL APPROPRIATE SPEED TOWARD THE CONCLUSION OF THE FIRST INTERNATIONAL ARMS CONTROL AGREEMENT IN THE NUCLEAR AGE," HE SAID.

KENNEDY DID NOT SAY WHAT ISSUES THE U. S. PROPOSALS WOULD COVER. BUT OTHER AUTHORITIES HAVE INDICATED THAT THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN ARE PREPARED TO COMPROMISE ON PROVISIONS FOR THE INTERNATIONAL INSPECTION SYSTEM TO MAKE THE SYSTEM COME NEARER RUSSIA'S DEMANDS. BUT THE RUSSIANS ALSO WILL HAVE TO MAKE MAJOR CONCESSIONS IF A TREATY IS TO HAVE ANY CHANCE.

1TA256PES

A134WX

ALERT

WASHINGTON, MARCH 14 (AP)-U.S. FORCES AROUND THE WORLD WERE PUT ON A ROUTINE READINESS ALERT TODAY, THE PENTAGON SAID.

A DEFENSE DEPARTMENT SPOKESMAN SAID THE ALERT WOULD BE OF SHORT DURATION AND WAS NOT RELATED TO ANY SPECIAL SITUATION.

HE SAID SUCH DRILLS ARE CALLED PERIODICALLY, WITHOUT ADVANCE NOTICE.

JC1146AES

A162WX

(300) STAHR

WASHINGTON, MARCH 14 (AP)-SECRETARY OF THE ARMY ELVIS J. STAHR SAID TODAY THE NECESSITY TO BE READY FOR EITHER LIMITED OR GENERAL WAR MAKES IT OBVIOUS THAT THE UNITED STATES MUST MAINTAIN COMBAT-READY FORCES OVERSEAS.

THE COMMENT WAS MADE IN A SPEECH PREPARED FOR A MEETING OF THE ELECTRONIC INDUSTRIES ASSOCIATION. IT APPARENTLY WAS A FURTHER EFFORT TO QUIET CONTINUING SPECULATION THAT THE UNITED STATES MAY REDUCE ITS FORCES SUPPORTING THE NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION.

SUCH REPORTS HAVE BEEN DENIED BY VARIOUS TOP U. S. OFFICIALS.

STAHR PUT IT THIS WAY:

"THE AMERICAN SERVICEMAN ON THE GROUND IS A LIVING SYMBOL OF OUR READINESS TO CONTRIBUTE TO THE COMMON DEFENSE--A SYMBOL THAT ALLIED PEOPLE AND THE AGGRESSORS CAN BOTH SEE--A VISIBLE AND EFFECTIVE DETERRENT AGAINST LIMITED AGGRESSION AND AN INDISPENSABLE ELEMENT IN MEETING IT IF IT OCCURS."

THE OPINIONS STAHR EXPRESSED IN HIS SPEECH FOLLOW CLOSELY THOSE OF HIS PREDECESSORS AND MOST OF THE PROFESSIONAL HIGH-RANKING ARMY OFFICERS.

STAHR SAID THAT:

1. WHILE HE IS CONVINCED OF THE NECESSITY FOR "MASSIVE RETALIATION IF THE TRUE OCCASION FOR IT SHOULD DEVELOP," HE IS EQUALLY CERTAIN THAT SUCH RETALIATION I ONLY ONE ELEMENT OF THE POWER NEEDED. HE SAID THAT "MANY SERIOUS ACTS OF AGGRESSION WHICH MIGHT BE PERPETRATED AGAINST US OR AGAINST OUR ALLIES WOULD REQUIRE A RESPONSE BY FAR MORE PRECISE AND LIMITED MEANS THAN STRATEGIC BOMBERS OR LONG-RANGE NUCLEAR MISSILES."

2. "WE ARE MUCH MORE LIKELY TO FIND OURSELVES IN SITUATIONS OF SO-CALLED LIMITED WAR IN THE YEARS JUST AHEAD THAN IN A SITUATION OF ALL-OUT THERMONUCLEAR CONFLICT."

3. THE UNITED STATES MUST "CONTINUE, AS A MATTER OF HIGH PRIORITY, TO DEVELOP AN EFFECTIVE ANTI-MISSILE DEFENSE." THE ARMY HAS BEEN SEEKING, WITHOUT SUCCESS SO FAR, TO OBTAIN PERMISSION TO START PRODUCTION OF PARTS NEEDED FOR ITS NIKE ZEUS ANTI-MISSILE--BEFORE FULL-SCALE TESTS ARE COMPLETED. A NEW RECOMMENDATION TO THAT EFFECT IS NOW AWAITING DECISION IN THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT.

1T118PES

A129KX

(150)

302T

LOS ANGELES, MARCH 14 (AP)-MISSILES SHOULD BE TESTED OVER THE UNITED STATES SO CITIZENS WOULD BE PSYCHOLOGICALLY CONDITIONED IN CASE OF AN ENEMY ATTACK, AN AIR FORCE OFFICER SAID TODAY.

"THE RUSSIANS HAVE BEEN TESTING OVER RUSSIA FOR A NUMBER OF YEARS AND APPARENTLY THEY HAVE NO PSYCHOLOGICAL PROBLEM," LT. COL. ROY O. ROBERTS OF THE AIR FORCE AIR RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT COMMAND AT HOLLOMAN AIR FORCE BASE, N.M., TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE.

U.S. MISSILES ARE NOW FIRED OVER OCEAN CORRIDORS FROM CAPE CANAVERAL, FLA., AND VANDENBERG AIR FORCE BASE, CALIF.

"WE CAN TEST OVER LAND," ROBERTS SAID. "WE WILL EVACUATE CERTAIN CORRIDORS FOR THE TIME BEING JUST AS WE DO AT SEA. THE CHANCE OF ACCIDENT WOULD BE SMALL BECAUSE THE MISSILES TESTED WOULD BE OF THE RELIABLE TYPE AND SUBJECT TO DESTRUCTION IN THE AIR IF THEY GOT OUT OF LINE."

FIREFING MISSILES OVER THE UNITED STATES WOULD PREVENT HYSTERIA IN THE EVENT OF AN ENEMY ATTACK, ROBERTS SAID.

RK1008PCS

A69WX (350)

ADVANCE FOR 215PM EST TODAY

BOWLES

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, MARCH 14 (AP)-UNDERSECRETARY OF STATE CHESTER BOWLES SAID TODAY THE UNITED STATES WILL "RESPOND WHOLEHEARTEDLY" TO ANY SHOW OF "REASONABLENESS" BY THE LEADERS OF RUSSIA OR RED CHINA.

BUT, BOWLES WARNED AMERICANS AGAINST BECOMING "OVERLY OPTIMISTIC" ABOUT IMPROVEMENTS IN RELATIONS WITH THE SOVIET UNION BECAUSE, HE SAID, THE UNITED STATES AND RUSSIA HAVE CONTRADICTORY AIMS IN THE WORLD.

BOWLES DISCUSSED THE FOREIGN POLICY HOPES AND PURPOSES OF THE KENNEDY ADMINISTRATION IN A SPEECH PREPARED FOR A MEETING OF THE NATIONAL FARMERS UNION HERE.

HE ASSERTED THAT THE UNITED STATES MUST IDENTIFY ITSELF WITH REVOLUTIONARY FORCES SWEEPING MANY PARTS OF THE WORLD, AND HE SAID THIS COUNTRY MUST USE ITS INFLUENCE TO GET THE WESTERN EUROPEAN PEOPLES TO "RAISE THEIR VISION TO A NEW AND MORE CONSTRUCTIVE RELATIONSHIP" WITH THE PEOPLES OF ASIA AND AFRICA.

BOWLES OUTLINED A SIX POINT "FRESH APPROACH" TO WORLD RELATIONS. HE CONTENDED THAT "IN RECENT YEARS WE HAVE BEEN LOSING GROUND" IN WHAT HE CALLED A "TITANIC COMPETITIVE STRUGGLE WHICH WILL AFFECT OUR DESTINY FAR INTO THE DISTANCE."

HE CALLED FOR THESE MAJOR ELEMENTS "OF A FRESH APPROACH" IN U. S. FOREIGN POLICY.

--THIS COUNTRY MUST CLARIFY ITS OBJECTIVES. BOWLES SAID THE UNITED STATES HAS NO QUARREL WITH THE PEOPLE OF RUSSIA OR RED CHINA AND NO DESIRE TO "REMAKE THEM IN OUR OWN IMAGE."

--THE UNITED STATES MUST MAKE CLEAR TO THE WORLD THAT IT IS PREPARED TO NEGOTIATE WITH SOVIET LEADERS ON ANY ISSUE ARISING BETWEEN WASHINGTON AND MOSCOW AND "WE WILL RESPOND WHOLEHEARTEDLY TO ANY MEASURE OF REASONABLENESS BY THE SOVIETS OR CHINESE COMMUNISTS." HE RULED OUT BARGAINING OVER THE RIGHTS AND INTERESTS OF OTHER COUNTRIES.

--THE UNITED STATES MUST MAKE "A POSITIVE AND REALISTIC APPROACH" TO THE PROBLEMS OF BOTH ARMAMENT AND DISARMAMENT.

--A "FRESH, BOLD APPROACH" IS NEEDED TO THE PROBLEMS OF ECONOMIC AND POLITICAL DEVELOPMENT IN LATIN AMERICA, ASIA AND AFRICA.
 --THE PEOPLE OF THE UNITED STATES AND ESPECIALLY THOSE WHO DEAL WITH OTHER NATIONS NEED TO "UNDERSTAND THE COMPLEX REVOLUTIONARY FORCES AT LARGE IN THE WORLD TODAY."
 --THE UNITED STATES MUST STRENGTHEN ITS RELATIONSHIPS WITH ITS TRADITIONAL ALLIES.

WE723AESNM

A101WX

(150) NIGHT LEAD BRANDT
 WASHINGTON, MARCH 14 (AP)--WEST BERLIN'S WILLY BRANDT SAID TODAY "I AM VERY CONTENT" WITH THE PENTAGON'S PLANS FOR HELPING PROTECT HIS CITY AGAINST THE COMMUNIST MENACE.
 BRANDT MADE THE COMMENT AFTER TALKING FOR ABOUT 40 MINUTES WITH SECRETARY OF DEFENSE ROBERT S. MCNAMARA. THE MAYOR ALSO MET FOR 45 MINUTES WITH SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN RUSK AND TOLD NEWSMEN:
 "THE SECRETARY IS CONFIDENT. . . AND SO AM I."
 BRANDT SAID HE HAD A FRUITFUL CONFERENCE EARLIER TODAY WITH SEVERAL SENATORS, INCLUDING SEN. J. WILLIAM FULBRIGHT, D-ARK., CHAIRMAN OF THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE, AND SENS. JOHN SPARKMAN, D-ALA., STUART SYMINGTON, D-MO., AND JACOB K. JAVITS, R-N.Y.
 ANSWERING NEWSMENS' QUESTIONS AFTER HE VISITED MCNAMARA, BRANDT SAID HE HAD A "VERY INTERESTING DISCUSSION ON THE SITUATION IN BERLIN AND SOME ASPECTS OF THE SITUATION IN GERMANY."
 THE MAYOR SAID HE WAS "FULL OF CONFIDENCE" ABOUT THE FUTURE OF WEST BERLIN.
 HE SAID HE EXPRESSED TO THE U.S. DEFENSE CHIEF "OUR GRATIFICATION THAT UNDER THE PROTECTION OF THE ALLIES WE HAVE BEEN ABLE TO REBUILD OUR CITY."

RUHQ 1200Z

B23VX Q

(260) BURKE-WOMEN
 WASHINGTON, MARCH 14 (AP)--ADM. ARLEIGH BURKE SAID TODAY SERVICE WIVES ABROAD ARE DOING A FINE JOB AS AMBASSADORS FOR AMERICA.
 THE CHIEF OF NAVAL OPERATIONS SET FORTH HIS OPINION IN AN ADDRESS PREPARED FOR WIVES OF OFFICERS WHO ARE STUDENTS AT THE NATIONAL WAR COLLEGE AND INDUSTRIAL COLLEGE OF THE ARMED FORCES.
 WOMEN BY NATURE EXCEL AT COMMUNICATING FEELINGS WHILE MEN THINK IN TERMS OF PLANS AND PROGRAMS, THE ADMIRAL SAID, THEN ADDED:
 "WOMEN ARE QUICKER TO REALIZE THAT FRIENDSHIP AND MUTUAL UNDERSTANDING BETWEEN COUNTRIES CANNOT BE ADVANCED BY A SINGLE, DRAMATIC STROKE, BUT RATHER BY A THOUSAND SMALL PACTS, BY A THOUSAND DIFFERENT PEOPLE, ALL PATIENTLY TRYING TO ENLARGE THE AREA OF MUTUAL RESPECT BETWEEN HUMAN BEINGS...."
 "THE WIVES OF SERVICE PERSONNEL AND THE WIVES OF OTHER AMERICANS OVERSEAS ARE DOING A MAGNIFICENT JOB. THEY ARE LEARNING THE LANGUAGE AND THE CULTURAL HERITAGE OF THE COUNTRIES IN WHICH THEY LIVE. THEY ARE SENDING THEIR OWN CHILDREN TO LOCAL SCHOOLS. OUR SERVICE WIVES ARE TEACHING ENGLISH IN FOREIGN SCHOOLS AND TO OTHER LOCAL GROUPS... SERVICE WIVES ARE ALSO HELPING TO CARE FOR FOREIGN CHILDREN. THEY ARE ADOPTING ORPHANS FROM OTHER COUNTRIES. AMERICAN WOMEN ALL OVER THE WORLD ARE BUILDING GOOD WILL, BY ADDING TO THEIR NATURAL SYMPATHY AND UNDERSTANDING, HARD WORK AND IMAGINATION."
 BURKE TOOK COGNIZANCE OF THE PLAN, SUBSEQUENTLY ABANDONED, TO REDUCE SHARPLY THE NUMBER OF DEPENDENTS OVERSEAS, SAYING THAT "WE HAVE COME VERY CLOSE TO LOSING THIS PRIVILEGE" IN RECENT MONTHS.
 "NOW THAT IT HAS BEEN REINSTITUTED," BURKE SAID, "I KNOW THAT I NEED NOT ENCOURAGE YOU TO USE IT WISELY, WITH DISCRETION AND WITH RESTRAINT. FOR THE STRENGTH OF OUR ECONOMY MUST BE MAINTAINED. AND EACH OF US MUST ACCEPT OUR SHARE OF THIS ALL-IMPORTANT RESPONSIBILITY."

JC330PES

30.24-

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AB1KX (PAULING)
 (WEST OUT)

3024

LOS ANGELES, MARCH 14 (AP)--DR. LINUS PAULING, NOBEL PRIZE WINNING SCIENTIST, SAYS HE AND HIS WIFE, AVA, WILL LEAD A WORLD CONFERENCE IN OSLO, NORWAY, MAY 2-7 AGAINST THE SPREAD OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS.
 HE SAID THE CONFERENCE'S 75 PARTICIPANTS FROM 15 NATIONS WILL INCLUDE DR. ALBERT SCHWEITZER, BERTRAND RUSSELL, FRANCOIS MAURIAC AND MAX BORN, ALL NOBEL LAUREATES.
 THE CONFERENCE WILL BE HELD IN THE NOBEL INSTITUTE IN OSLO, DR. PAULING SAID YESTERDAY. HE WILL LEAVE FOR EUROPE APRIL 20.

HU703ACS